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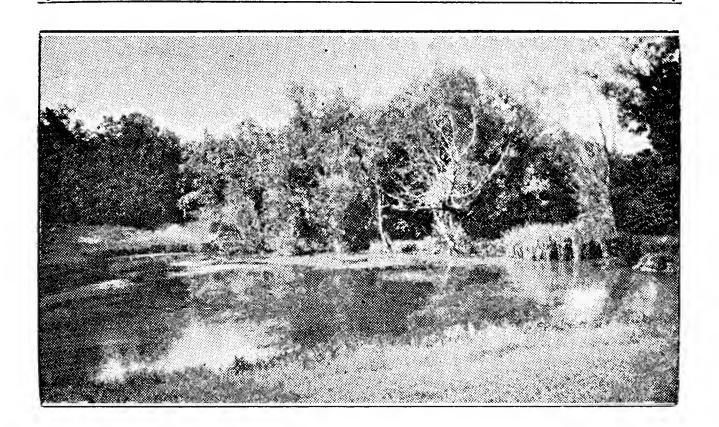
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U. S. Department of Agriculture.

The WOODLAND GARDENS

KESWICK, IOWA 1932



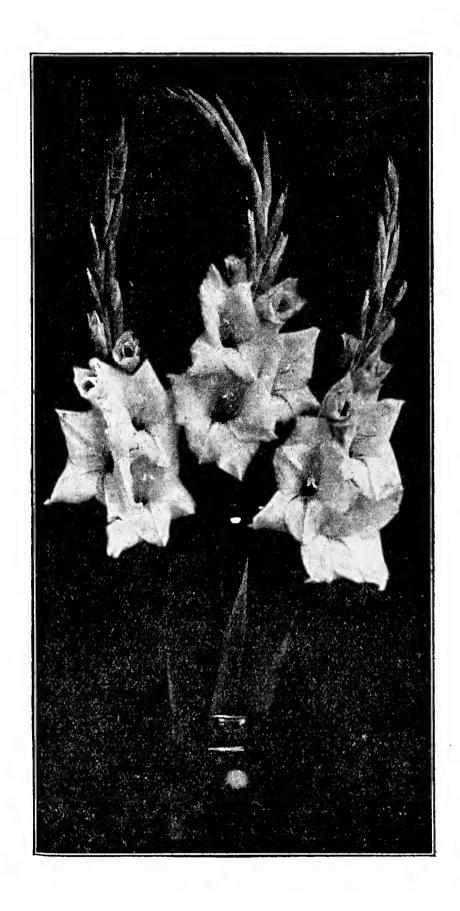
Who feels like poetry now?

We don't!
We fret and we fume
And denounce helpless powers,
For hours and hours and hours!

Let's don't!
We still have free sunshine
Whenever God wills,
And showers and showers and showers!

We're glad The Winter's 'most over And Spring is so near, With flowers and flowers!

-Flora Baldwin.





Greeting

Times are hard—we all know it!

Our ability to adjust ourselves to changes in life, both financially and otherwise, is one test of stability of character.

Living in the lavish fashion to which we have been accustomed is, in many cases, impossible, but no one who has the use of a plot of ground need starve. Nor should we, because of hard times, forget our spiritual needs. The longing for beauty should not be starved out of our being.

Your friends, the florists and nurserymen, are offering their aid by providing planting stock often produced at a loss. We are doing our best to furnish first class stock at the very lowest possible price.

TERMS

Cash with order. 25 per cent or order will held for spring delivery.

All retail orders amounting to \$1.00 or more will be sent postpaid, unless otherwise noted. For smaller orders, add 10 cents extra for postage.

GUARANTEE

We raise our own stock of bulbs and plants, and use every care personally supervising all work. We promise you at all times entire satisfaction. We do our very best to avoid errors but we are just folks like the rest of you and we do sometimes make mistakes. When we do and you find it out first please tell US—not your neighbors.

SHIPMENT

We begin making shipments as soon after March 1st as weather conditions permit.

LOCATION

Our gardens are located one-fourth mile northeast of Keswick. You are cordially invited to visit us.

THE WOODLAND GARDENS, FLORA BALDWIN—NORAH BALDWIN Keswick, Keokuk County, Iowa

Gladiolus

Introductions of The Woodland Gardens

The past two seasons have been a wet blanket on the hopes and plans of growers of new seedling gladiolus-only the blanket has been a very dry one instead of wet! How ardently we have all wished for a real for sure wet blanket or something as effective to shelter our darlings from the burning sun and wind!

Old, well-known varieties have often been entirely unrecognizable. It has been no time to test any variety, much less to get it

The following varieties of our seedlings have, in other years, proven their worth, but few of them have been shown. Visitors to the gardens turn from the standard, named varieties, (of which you will note in the pages following, we have an estimable assortment), to the seedling section, exclaiming, "Oh, I want this, I want that!" Here are some of the "this" and "that" so much desired.
We are reducing prices on gladiolus markedly this year, so that

in this time of financial stress, our friends may still be able to en-

joy them.

In many varieties, especially our seedlings, our stock is small.

Order early to avoid disappointment.

We do not substitute varieties, but unless requested otherwise may, when necessary, substitute equivalent value in a different size. The following seedlings are offered in large size only.

- BETTIE LOU (1931)—Very tall spike with many medium sized blooms of heavy substance. Placement exceptionally fine. Coloring so blended in shades of Oxblood red, nople red and carmine that it is difficult to describe. Lip lemon, thickly sprinkled with carmine. A most charming, bright bloom_____50c
- BITTERSWEET (1928)—Silver medal for best seedling at Mid-west Gladiolus Show. This seedling was one of the most outstanding of the Mid-West Gladiolus Show 1927. Although not by any means in its best form, it attracted much comment for its great length of spike, symmetry of placement, and beauty of flower in form and color. It has the ability to hold open a long spike of bloom over a longer period than any glad we have ever handled. It is not uncommon for it, in the show room, to hold a spike of bloom a foot or more long, for four or five days. We believe it has a great future as a commercial glad because of its great endurance. Color of bloom true Bittersweet orange, slightly splashed dull violet. Blooms of medium size but beautifully formed. Plant very strong and sturdy. Sometimes over 5 ft. tall._____2 for 25e
- BRIGHT AND EARLY (1931)—The earliest red we have ever grown. It resembles Bennet in color but has slight splashing of deeper color. It is much earlier and taller. Placement excellent, and a lot open at a time. Good propagator. A gorgeous bloom._____Each 25c

- CHLOE (1930)—Good sized, pointed blooms of Eugenie red, over laid Indian Lake. 4 to 5 open on a tall spike. Odd._Each 15c
- CUNICKUNDA (1931)—5½ to 6 inch blooms of Geranium pink splashed Dahlia carmine. Light splash of ruby on lip. Five open. Fine.
- DOVE OF PEACE (1929)—Cream white. Petals very heavy and waxy. The stamens also are cream so that the appearance of the flower is that of great purity. A minute stain of crimson often appears on a wing, giving it its name. For what Dove of Peace has ever carried its garments unstained through life! This is a most excellent variety for florists._____Each 15c
- EVELYN HUMMER (1931)—Extra long spike of soft rose-red. Lighter at center of flower. Lightly etched splotch of deeper color with background of pale Iemon on lower petals. 6 to 8 blooms wide open at one time. Somewhat ruffiled.____Each 15c
- HOPE (1930)—Light Spectrum red, splashed Daphne pink. Striking throat blotch. The outer half being pale yellow, the inner half deep ruby. Entire blotch surounded by purple. Don't sound good, but is. Bloom large, well formed._____Each 15c
- JENNIE HUMMER (1931)—La France pink splashed lightly with mauve. Scarlet blotch on lip and often on all the petals. Very dainty coloring. Good size and substance. Plenty open. Each 10c
- MOTHER'S PET—Cream and Noples yellow, sometimes much deeper. Lips deeper. Petals splashed rose to tyrian rose. Deepest at the tip. Petals beautifully waved and curled with exquisite rose-bud like buds. Rather short of growth, but long on beauty.______Each 25c
- NO. 20 SEEDLING (1928)—A large lavender that is much like Louise in growth and form of flower but more nearly self color, and having very slight markings on Iower petals. General tone has more blue in it than Louise. It is somewhat earlier and a better spike, without the clubbiness of Louise.———Each 25c
- OLD SILVER TIP (1932)—Tall growing, with good sized blooms well placed on a good spike. Color deep, velvety red, splashed at the edges and tipped with silver. Very handsome and unusual.
- THE SUNBONNET LADY (1930)—Argyle purple, stippled deep Hellibore red, splashed nople red. Lip carmine. Large blooms well placed on a tall spike. Quaint._____Each 25c
- TRULA (1928)—Warm, creamy buff, deeper in tone on lower petals. Has a transparent delicacy of coloring seldom found in gladiolus. Good sized, beautifully formed blooms well placed on a good straight spike. A customer who has grown it, says, "I just sit and admire and absorb it." Very lovely in baskets and vases. Coloring without duplicate._____Each 15c

GLADIOLUS—(Continued)

WINONA (1931)—Very early. Blooms pale mallow pink, deeper at the edges and sometimes slightly splashed mallow purple. Tall, full spike of very large blooms. Many open.____Each 25c

ZILPHY (1930)—A fat prim that isn't a prim. Blooms have beautifully rounded petals of great substance, slightly hooded, and are always placed just right. Eight open on a long spike. Color scarlet with creamy band down center of each petal. The three lower petals are blotched Naples yellow lightly etched at base with ruby. Very bright and showy._____Each 10c

Gladiolus—General List

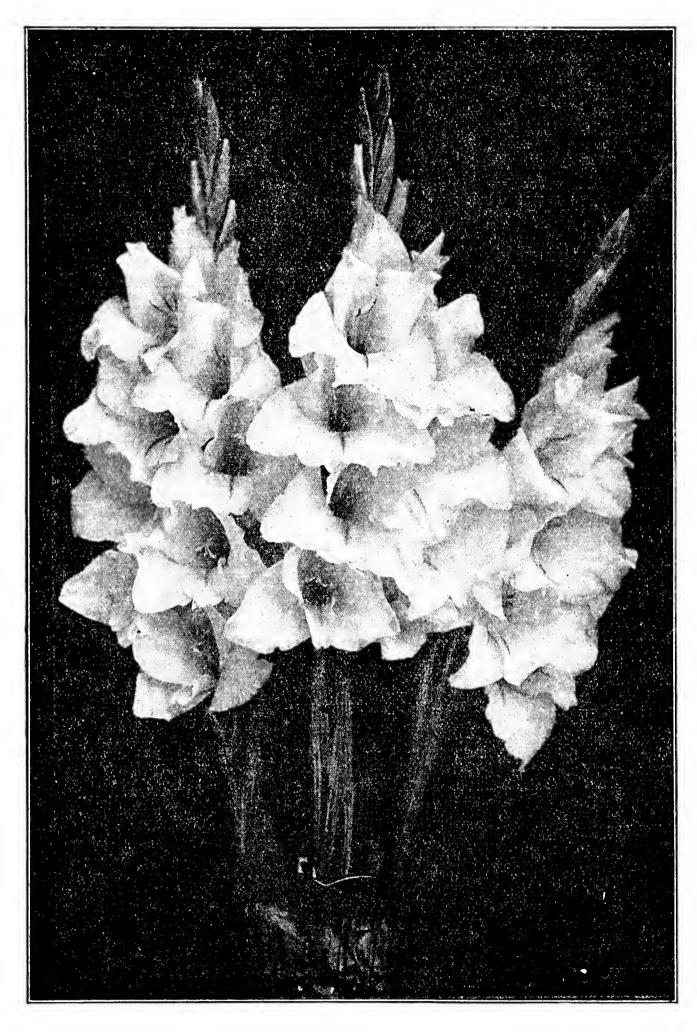
Bulbs listed below are in size 1 inch or over. In many varieties double the number in smaller, blooming sizes may be had at same price, upon request.

Bulblets a matter of correspondence. AVE MARIA—(Pf.)—Large light blue with slight markings. Blooms well placed and many on a tall spike. We think it the "best blue" to date._____1—50c ANNIE LAURIE (S)—Very dainty pink and white, beautifully fluted edges. Exquisite.____2—10c BREAK 'O DAY (Bill)-Very early, large pink and cream. Florist. -_____ 2—10c CARUSO—(Pf.)—Very early red. Large bloom on a very good spike. Imported variety. Especially good for forcing.__2—10c CORYPHEE—(Pf.)—Exquisite soft pink. Probably the most desirable pink on the market._____1—25c DR. F. E. BENNETT (D)—"House afire red." Known as best red. ELAINE (Bill)—Very strong fine white. Lilac veining.___6—25c GOLDEN DREAM (Gr.)—A splendid new yellow that has won many honors.____1—10c GOLD EAGLE (A)—Deep, rich yellow. One of the best yellows. _____2—10c GOLDEN SWALLOW (A)—Clear yellow, no markings, petals pointed and ruffled. Lovely of form and coloring.____3—10c HALLEY (Vel)—Very early pink, favorite with florists. Probably the greatest glad of commerce.___2—10c; 10—25c; 100—\$2.00 JONKHEER VAN TETS (Pf.)—Pure white exhibition glad. Many large, perfectly placed blooms on tall spike. Exceptionally fine.

JUBILEE (Kemp)—Called the greatest gladiolus of all time. Enor-

1—80c

mous flowers of light vinaceous lavender. Perfect spike and placement. _____1—60c



ELAINE

GLADIOLUS—(Continued)

Gladiolus Collections

Our bulbs are clean and fine, all having been treated at plant-

ing for years. They afford a wealth of bloom at a low price.

The following collections we believe unequaled by any collections of equal price. Those who try the first collection almost invariably come back the following year for the next best, so that the "Glad" collection sells for us the next season the "Gladder", and the 'Gladder" in its turn sells the "Gladdest."

- ALL SUMMER COLLECTION—This collection includes a great variety of colors and kinds but contains no trash. One hundred of these bulbs will supply quantities of bloom over a period of weeks, as the bulbs are in assorted sizes from large to small, but all, even the smallest, practically certain to bloom. The small sizes bloom later in the season. If you want a variety of bloom and many surprises over a long period, this collection will please you.______100 bulbs \$1.25

Hardy Perennials

The plants offered in the following list are field grown from thrifty stock. They will reach you in good growing condition. They will be sent prepaid on orders amounting to \$1.00 or more. For smaller orders allow 10c for postage and packing.

AMSONIA

TABERNAEMONTANA—A little known valuable perennial. It produces freely in May and June panicles of lovely light blue starry blooms. It is extremely hardy; happy in almost any sunny location. 2 to 3 ft._____Each 25c

ANCHUSA—Alkanet—

ITALICA DROPMORE—One of the very best perennials. Its beautiful gentian-like blue blossoms are like a cloud in the spring, and flash out again throughout the summer. Four ft.

-----Each 25c; 3 for 60c

ANTHEMIS—Camomile—

TINCTORIA—Very hardy plant with finely cut foliage and large, golden yellow, daisy-like blooms all summer. Fine for cutting. Any sunny location.—————————Each 25c

ARTEMESIA—Southernwoods Sage Brush—

LACTIFLORA—A hardy border perennial sending out Iong sprays of tiny white blooms that fill the garden with perfume. Fine as a filler among other flowers in baskets and vases and in winter bouquets. Thrives best in a moist, drained place.

Each 25c

SILVER KING—This entire plant is silvery grey. It is like a silver mist among other flowers either used with cut flowers or in the garden. Retains form and color when dried for winter use. Likes a dry, sunny place._____Each 35c

STELLERIANA—Foliage silvery, finely divided. Excellent for naturalizing, especially good for poor soil. 12 to 18 in.

-----Each 35c

AQUILEGIA—Columbine—

BURBANK DOUBLE—Plant about two feet high, literally covered with large, double blooms of dark blue or deep purple. Either color————————————————Each 15c LONG-SPURRED—Shades of pink and yellow mixed.—2 for 25c

HARDY PERENNIALS—(Continued)

BOCCONIA—Plume Poppy—

A noble perennial of Chinese origin. It has a tropical air about it with its large, greyish-green lobed leaves and long terminal panicles of foamy white bloom. The flowers are followed by odd grey seedpods that are almost as pleasing as the bloom, and remain on for a long time. A plant worthy of acquaintance. It is highly ornamental at every stage of growth, but should have deep, rich, loamy soil to do its best.____Each 35c

BUDDLEIA—Butterfly Bush—

VARIABILIS MAGNIFICA—This is in reality a shrub but in this climate freezes back each winter and comes up in spring. It is a rapid grower and is soon covered with long, drooping racemes of lilac-like sweet scented flowers. Continues in bloom all summer. 3 to 4 feet.—————Good plants 50c————Very large plants \$1.00

CAMPUNULA—Bell-Flower—

MARIAN GEHRING—(Withdrawn to increase stock.)
TRACHELIUM—Coventry Bells—Sturdy plants with light purple blooms that droop from a long spike most pleasingly.
Prefers some shade. July and August. 2 ft._____Each 25c

CATANANCHE—Love-Plant—

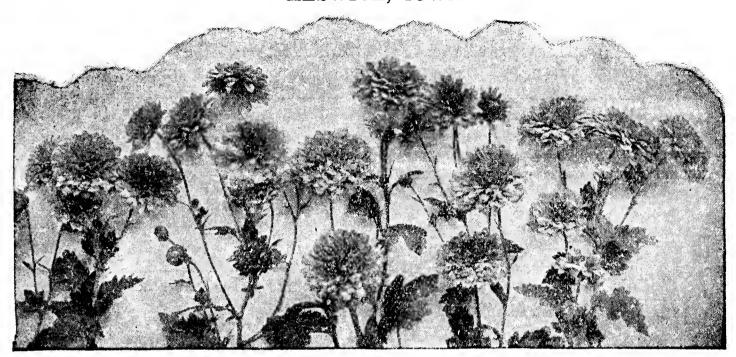
CAERULEA—Leaves lance-like; bloom bright blue on tall slender stems. Fine for rock garden or any sunny, well-drained place. August, September._____Each 35c

CHELONE—Turtle-head or Shell-Flower—

Hardy, herbaceous perennial of easy culture. They do well in any good garden soil but are especially contented in moist, rich soil along waterways. The flowers, on close terminal spikes, remind one of the gentians. The plant presents a dignified, unusual beauty and remains in bloom a long while. 2 to 3 ft.

LYONI—Showy, purplish red.____Each 30c

CONVALLARIA—



CHRYSANTHEMUMS—Hardy Garden—

The varieties listed below are the hardiest garden sorts we have so far been able to procure. We are continually revising our list reserving those best adapted to the mid-west, selecting those most hardy with frost resisting blooms and early enough to be sure of opening before too severe weather. They furnish sheaves of bloom that continue in beauty long after the first frosts. If heavy freezing weather threatens, branches of blooms or buds may be cut and kept in water indoors for weeks. By keeping in a cool place and bringing a part of them into warm rooms the supply of cut flowers may be made continuous until nearly Christmas. After the ground freezes, break down the tops and cover lightly with trash. An inch covering with cindery ashes helps. Give good drainage.

ANGELO—Large, early pink pompom, free blooming and fine. BOSTON—Showy orange-brown, early pompom.

CAPT. E. H. COOK—Clear, deep rose color, tipped with bronze. Large button, unique and attractive.

CRIMSON TANGLE—Raggedy pompom of deep, clear crimson. Resists extreme cold and needs to as it is a little later than most of those in this list. A most worthy variety.

MURILLO—Lovely pink pompom of exquisite formation. Early and free flowering.

OCTOBER GOLD—Beautiful coloring in coppery orange, changing to golden yellow with pink tones. Very free flowering and choice.

OCONTO—The largest of hardy white pompoms. Fine for cutting. October.

OLD LAVENDER—Lavender with red shadings. Quaint, large button.

RUTH CUMMINGS—Rich, reddish bronze, with terra-cotta tintings, opening to even soft bronze. Raggedy and petals somewhat quilled. A choice sort._____Each 35c

SNOWDROP—The best pure white button. Mid-season. Price each unless noted_____25c

COLLECTION OF NAMED VARIETIES
One each of the 10 above_____\$2.00

CHRYSANTHEMUMS—(Continued)

UNNAMED CHRYSANTHEMUMS—
PURE WHITE—Perfectly double, raggedy, 2 to 3 inch blooms.
BRIGHT YELLOW-Entirely double, quite regularly formed.
2 to 3 inEach 25c ROSY PURPLE—Semi-double, good sizeEach 25c
SOFT PINK—Quite doubleEach 25c
DARK RED BUTTON—Fully double. A mass of blooms about
an inch across that open a deep red, changing to bronze- yellow after heavy frosts. Extremely attractiveEach 35c
BRONZE—Great sheaves of bloom in soft, even tone of light
bronze. Early and very hardy pompomEach 25c
Collection—One each of above six sorts, labeled\$1.25
CHRYSANTHEMUM SPECIES—
COREANUM—Korean Chrysanthemum. A new perenial from Korea of unusual merit and hardiness. Stocky plants two to
four feet in height are covered with white daisy-like blooms
with golden centers. They often turn pink and the effect is
of clouded pink and white. Uncommon and very worth while.
ULIGINOSUM—Giant Daisy—Thrifty perennial plants covered
with large, daisy-like flowers from June until September, 3 to 4 ftEach 25c
FUNKIA—Day Lily—
Most varieties of Funkia are indifferent as to location, whether
it be sun or shade. The foliage is always handsome through-
out the entire season, and they remain in bloom some time.
They may remain undivided much longer than most perennials. Subcordata resents too frequent division, and should
have good drainage with a little shade. It is especially
friendly and thrives best with southern or eastern exposure
near the house. COERULEA LANCEOLATA—Leaves rather broad, shining
green. Blooms more in cluster than Lancefolia. Blue. July
to AugustEach 25c LANCIFOLIA—Lilac-blue blossoms are poised long their stems
like fairies in ballet dresses. A lovely flower for cutting.
Blooms in profusion in August and SeptemberEach 25c
SUBCORDATA—Day Lily—Shining broad leaves of bright green form a thick circle from which rises many large trusses
of white buds and lily-like blooms of delicious fragrance.
August, SeptemberEach 35c
THOMAS HOOG—Rounded leaves with white border. Blooms deep lavender. A fine border plant35c
GYPSOPHILA—Baby's Breath—
GYPSOPHILA PANICULATA—This flower has airy, fairy
white blossoms on fluffy panicles. A fine filling among other
flowers for bouquets and cut flower work. Gathered when in full bloom and dried, it forms a fine misty background for
winter bouquets. Much used by florists. Large roots.
Each 25c

HARDY PERENNIALS—(Continued)

HEMEROCALLIS—Day Lily—



The Hemerocallis has been sold almost universally by florists as lilies. But they are not lilies. They are of much more rapid reproduction and of easier culture. The plants have slender sword-like leaves and produce great quantities of lily-like bloom during long periods of the summer. By a selection of several kinds, the blooming season may be made to extend over the entire summer. Most of them are fragrant and all are graceful and especially attractive as cut flowers. The plants are not at all particular as to location. They are good for damp spots such as edging of pools, as well as for the driest locations. The plants offered are fine specimens.

FLAVA—Yellow Day Lily—Fragrant, lemon yellow blossoms in June and July. Two and one-half feet.____Each 20c

FULVA—Tawny Day Lily—Large trumpet shaped flowers of tawny orange. These lilies when once established will bear more neglect, tramping, and blue grass than any other and still throw up fine blossom spikes. 3 feet. July.___Each 15c

KWANSO—Large, double flowered variety, with rich, golden bronze flowers of heavy substance. Blooms over a long period, fine._____Each 25c

MIDDENDORFII—Rich orange yellow. Delightfully fragrant. Flowers in May and June. One and one-half feet.__Each 20c One each of the above varieties, value \$1.05_____Price 85c

HOLLYHOCK—

This stately old plant has come again into great favor with the renewed favor for perennials. They make a wonderful background. Height, four to seven feet. Our stock includes both semi-double and single in large variety of colors. Many of them are fringed and notched. Mixed colors only_____10c____10c_____12 for \$1.00

Iris

"The "Fleur de Lis", National flower of France, has endeared itself to the hearts of people of all nationalities. Its elusive, haunting fragrance and its exquisite colorings make its blooming season a keenly anticipated pleasure that is amply fulfilled each year. Thanks to the efforts of hybridizers, its former short blooming season has been extended by selection of different kinds to many weeks. It will thrive in almost any soil, but loves best a damp location with drainage, as its roots should not stand in water.

The varieties we are offering are all of high rating and cover a wide range of colors. They may be transplanted at almost any time, except in blooming season.

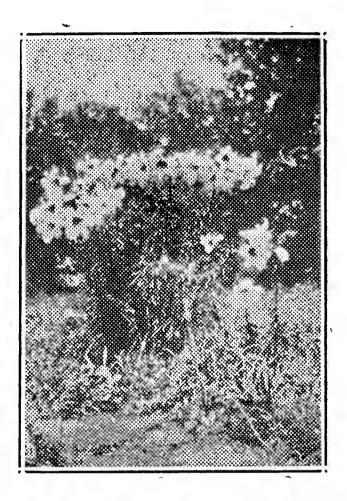
The great and increasing popularity of Iris has induced us to add many new kinds to our Iris plantings. No flower is more lovely and more easy to grow.

- ALCAZAR—Very large, broad petals. Standards pale lilac blue with golden bronze throat; falls rich velvet purple.___Each 20c
- AMBASSADEUR—A regal flower that has a great future. It is already the rival of Mother of Pearl in popularity. Both should be in every collection. Standards smoky lavender. Falls deep, velvety red-violet. Tall, well branched, blooms of heavy substance.
- CAPRICE—One of the most deightful of Iris. Its perfume, resembling crushed grapes, is quite attractive enough. But its other qualities are also endearing. Flowers are rounded and large, of rich rosy lilac, darker in falls.—————Each 20c
- DREAM—Standards lilac pink. F slightly darker. Orange beard. One of the finest pink Irises in cultivation, greatly in demand.
- FLAVESCENS—Light yellow, early, very thrifty and satisfactory, an old, very well known Iris....dozen 50c
- FLORENTINA ALBA—Orris root. Lovely delicate, pearly white, faintly tinted grey which bleaches to near pure white. Exceptionally early. It has never failed to be in bloom for Decoration Day, and its magnificent large blossoms are in great demand. Delightfully fragrant of blossom and also of root. Very strong grower.—————————————————————Each 10c; dozen 50c
- HONORABILIS—Fine yellow with lower petals of maroon. An odd, but very pretty Iris._____2 for 25c
- JUANITA-Clear blue, large fragrant flowers. Very fine. Each 25c
- JUBILEE—A large ruffled flower of very heavy substance. Standards tinted with peach color, hafts and edges of falls creamwhite veined and dotted bright brown.____Each \$1.00

IRIS—(Continued)

Also sold as Black Prince, Midnight and Purple King. Very earlyEach 20c
LENT A. WILLIAMSON—Similar to Alcazar, but ever broader and more massive, with heavier stalks. The velvety pansy violet falls are emphasized by the intervening bronze-gold center, and the crinkled standards of lavender violet.————Each 35cd
LONA—A beautiful plicata. Ground color soft yellow and white dotted and veined with various shades of amethyst purple. 30 in. ——————Each \$1.00
MAORI KING—Short and compact growth, very free bloom. Standards rich golden yellow, closely incurved; falls velvety redbrown, distinctly feathered. The best of many similarly marked varities3 for 25c
MRS. HORACE DARWIN—28-in. S. pure white. F. white veined lavender. One of the best whitesEach 25c
MAD. PACQUETTE—An even tone of rosy claret, probably the closest approach to red in our list. Exquisitely fragrantEach 20c
MILDRED PRESBY (Farr)— This is unquestionably the finest Iris of the ameona type, and best of the many fine productions of the late Mr. Farr. Standards white, faintly flushed pale lavender. Falls rich, dark, velvety pansy violet, with a very narrow edge of lavender white. Exceptional substance. 30-in. Each \$1.00
MOTHER OF PEARL—This new Iris has a popularity never before equaled by any new Iris in the few years since it was introduced. S. and F. pale bluish lavender with creamy undertone that often assumes the luster and irridescence of the lining of sea shells. One of the finest Irises in the world30c
OPERA—S. red purple. F. purple violet, beard yellow. A new imported Iris, very fine40c
PALLIDA DALAMTICA—A rare, delightful variety, especially fine for massing as well as for cutting. Tall growing; with very large full-formed flowers of soft lavender, the falls being of deeper hue.————————————————————————————————————
PLUMERI—Deep wine redEach 15c
QUEEN OF MAY—S. lilac pink; F. lilac, blended with white; distinct, good landscape variety; a fine Iris Each 15c
RHEIN NIXE—S. white, very large; F. rich violet purple, with distinct narrow white edge. A charming flower, beautiful in massed effectsEach 15c
BIFLORA—Dwarf, very early. Rich purple, fine for edging20c
IRIS COLLECTIONS— NO. 1—Your choice of 10c to 25c varieties——————————————————————————————————
Queen of May, Pallida Delmatica\$1.00

Lilies



The culture of lilies, except for common varieties, has, until recently been regarded as too difficult for the general flower garden. But the advent of the robust Regale has encouraged a wider know-ledge and planting of other varieties almost as easily handled as the Regale. Those in the following list are all entirely hardy. Give good drainage and follow the planting scale below. Surround your bulbs with an inch of sand and watch for moles! Ground cover and semi-shade are grateful to most lilies.

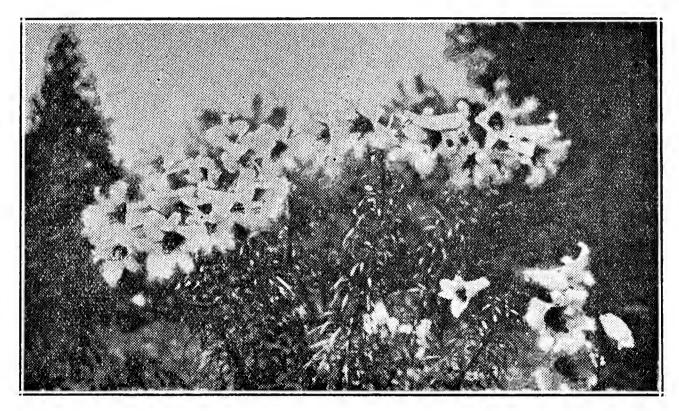
Depth of planting (measured from top of bulb surface to ground):

- 4 inches—Candidum, Elegans, Walfacai, Superbum, Umbellatum.
- 5 to 6 inches—Auratum, Longiflorum, Tigrinum.
- 6 to 8 inches—Regale, Speciosum.

All bulbs offered are full blooming size and so far as possible from our own gardens. But the demand for lilies is so great that our own stock is sometimes exhausted and we must supply the best obtainable in the market. Order lilies early. Late orders will be held over until fall.

AURATUM—Gold Banded Lily of Japan—This is one of the finest lilies grown. Its immense creamy blossoms spotted and studded with chocolate-crimson spots and having a broad golden band through the center of each petal are produced abundantly from July to September. Very fragrant._____Each 50c

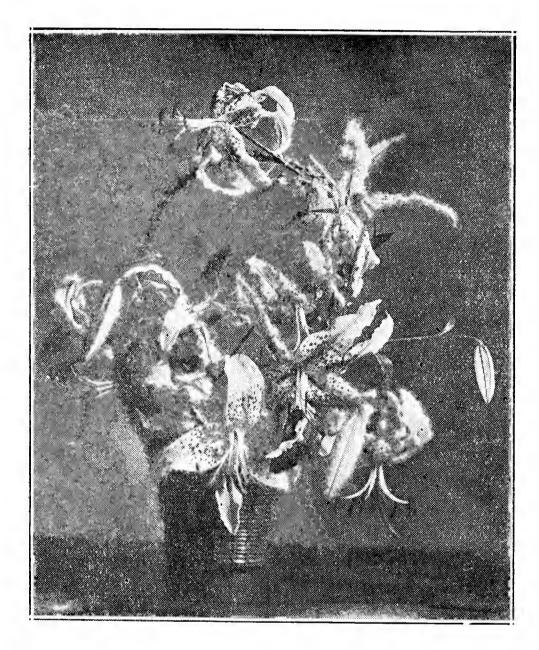
LILIES—(Continued)



Per packet of 200 seeds, 25c, planting instructions included. Protect Regale Lilies from spring frost.

SPECIOSUM HENRYI—A fine variety of speciosum. Very vigorous and prolific. Flower stalks 3 to 5 ft. high. Blooms deep apricot yellow, lightly spotted brown. Very fragrant.__Each 50c SPECIOSUM ALBUM—White Japan lily. It has a greenish band running through the center of each petal. Fragrant. A very satisfactory lily. July._____Each 60c

LILIES—(Continued)



SPECIOSUM RUBRUM—Probably the most generally grown of any of the Japan lilies. Rosy white, heavily spotted with crimson. When grown in partial shade it is quite pink of an exquisite shade. Fragrant. A clump of these llies, if left undisturbed, will produce armfuls of these bright blossoms that last for weeks, and are as delightful for cutting as they are in the garden. August and September.————Each 40c SUPERBUM—Swamp or Turp's Cap Lily—A native variety of great beauty. Brilliant orange flowers in July.———Each 25c TESTACEUM—The Nankeen Lily. One of the finest lilies that can be garden grown. Color dull apricot or rosy buff with striking orange antlers. Easily grown. 5 ft. June, July. Fragrant.—————————Each \$2.00 TIGRINUM SPLENDENS—Tiger Lily—5 feet tall. An improved strain of the dear cld-fashioned Tiger Lily of our Grandmothers' garden. Bright orange red, spotted black. Makes a magnificent show.—————Large bulbs, each 15c; 4 for 50c; 10 for \$1.00

LILIES—(Continued)

- TIGRINUM, FORTUNI GIGANTEUM, FLORE PLENO—Double Tiger Lily—As hardy and floriferous as the Giant Tiger, growing about the same height. It bears an immense head of double blossoms that are handsome and unusual.____Each 45c
- UMBELLATUM GRANDIFLORUM—A strong blooming lily with bronzy foliage. It has a grand head of bloom in rich orange with red shadings. Of easiest culture.____Each 30c
- WALLACEI—A Japan lily that is hardy and easily grown. Color apricot, thickly spotted brown, flowers upright, very gracefully held. This lily loves moisture but must not stand in water.

 _____Each 35c; 3 for 90c

LINUM—Flax—

PERENNE—Lovely subject for border or rock garden. Feathery, small bushes, spangled with fresh blooms each morning—blue as azure skies._____Each 25c

LYCIUM—Matrimony Vine—

MONARDA or BERGAMOT—Oswego Tea—

Plants with aromatic foliage, producing in profusion their bright flowers during July and August. The plants are very thrifty and do well in any soil. 2 to 3 ft.

DIDYMA, CAMBRIDGE SCARLET—Brilliant scarlet crimson.
Each 25c

OENOTHERA—Evening Primrose—

AMERICA—One of Luther Burbank's creations and a very wonderful primrose. Very large, white blooms, each petal as large as the entire bloom of most varieties.____3 for 50c MEXICAN—A choice little primrose with good sized blooms of a lovely shade of pink._____3 for 50c

PENTSTEMON—Beard Tongue—

LAEVIGATUS DIGITALIS—Loose spreading spikes of bloom with long poised flowers resembling foxgloves. White with purple markings or pinkish lavender. Fine for cutting and in the border. It needs a sunny but not too dry location. Mixed colors.—————————————————————Each 25c

HARDY PERENNIALS—(Continued)

PHLOX—

Phlox seems to belong with the good old fashions of curls and long skirts. In following the revival of these quaint fashions in dress, the demand for these old-fashioned flowers has so much increased that it is with difficulty that the supply is kept equal to it.

We have been forced to withdraw some varieties and can offer few new ones because of difficulties in propagation during the past dry season. Be assured that we offer only superior phlox as we

are continually revising our list.

Summer drouths are hard on all perennials, particularly so on phlox, because it gives the red spider a chance to work. If the plants are given an occasional spray of sulphur or sulphur and wood ashes while dew is on or an oft repeated sousing of soapsuds, they will come through almost any drouth without serious injury. Treatment should be given at once if leaves at bottom show signs of turning yellow.

AFRICA—Brilliant carmine red with blood-red eye. Best dark red. New and scarce.____35c BEACON—Brilliant cherry red. Fine heads on strong stems. ____Each BRIDESMAID—White, crimson eye. Lovely.____Each 25c BACHANNTE—Intense Tyrian rose with a crimson eye. -----Each ECLAIREUR—Bright rhodamine purple with lighter halo. _____Each ENCHANTRESS-New, an improved Elizabeth Campbell, salmon pink with dark red eye. Very fine.____Each 25c ETHEL PRITCHARD—Fine large blooms of self French-mauve. Quite blue in tone. A splendid phlox of recent introduction. Fairly tall.____50c FRAU ANTON BUCHNER—A very fine white. Immense trusses.____Each 25c HENRY MERGER-White, heavy crimson center.___Each 25c MAGNIFICENCE—Very early blooming dwarf. Fine foliage and phlox-purple bloom. Usually in bloom for Decoration Day, and is lovely in bouquets. Its trusses are more loose and dainty than other phlox. 12 to 18 inches.____Each 25c MISS LINGARD—Earliest, longest spike, white with pale layender eye. Thick, glossy foliage. June.____Each 25c MISS VERBLOOM—Rose pink form of Miss Lingard. Habit, foliage and blooming time same. One of the finest new introductions.—————————Each 50c MRS. WM. JENKINS—Waxy white. Tall. Full heads. Each 20c NICOLAS FLAMMEL—A fine new red. Bright carmine- lake. Suffused, crimson eye.____Each 35c RIVERTON JEWEL—Lovely soft shade of rose-mauve with brilliant carmine eye.____Each 30c RHEINLANDER—Salmon pink, claret-red eye.____Each 25c
RYNDSTROM—Neyron rose pink.____Each 20c
SIEBOLD—Vivid orange scarlet.____Each 25c WIDAR—Violet blue with pure white eye. Large panicles. Very attractive.____Each 25c

PHLOX—(Continued)

PHYSALIS—Chinese Lantern Plant—

FRANCHETI—(2 ft. high.)—An interesting, hardy plant producing an abundance of fiery red lantern-like fruits that can be picked and kept for winter decoration. Grows rapidly in any good garden soil. When the fruit turns a bright red, cut the stem off to the ground. Hang in a cool cellar until cured. Handled in this way the leaves remain on the plant, curling until they resemble holly leaves and add greatly to the beauty of the winter bouquet._____Each 20c; 3 for 50c

PHYSOSTEGIA—



One ofthe mostbeautiful of our late summer flowering plants. It grows from two to four feet high, bearing large spikes of delicate tubular flowers somewhat like a giant heather. It begins to flower in midsummer and continues until frost. It makes a great show in the garden and cuts well. Very useful on banks to stop washing. Holds its own with bluegrass.

VIRGINICA — Soft, bright pink. Lovely. 2 for 25c; 25 for \$1.00 per 100, \$2.50

PLATYCODON—Balloon Flower—

Bell-shaped, five pointed flowers, two or more inches in diameter on long loose racemes produced constantly from July until frost. The summer garden is not overburdened with blue flowers, and this one is so vivid that it attracts much attention. The white ones resemble lilies. 2 to 3 ft.

Single, either blue or white_____Each 25c Semi-double, either blue or white_____Each 35c

POLYGONUM—

CUSPIDATUM-An herbaceous perennial shrub. This shrub is as yet practically "undiscovered" and has found its way into very few gardens.

Early shoots and leaves are red, turning to light green. Leaves broad, 4 to 5 in. in length. The long branches have both terminal and auxiliary drooping panicles of tiny, creamy blooms that veil the plant. It is a most useful as well as ornamental plant, as it follows shortly after Baby's Breath and cuts equally as well, holding its beauty for winter bouquets. Height about 4 ft. Stock is scarce and unobtainable when our stock is exhausted. Price each_____\$1.00

POPPY ORIENTALE—Oriental Poppy—

BURBANK. Oriental poppies make a gorgeous display in their blooming season, May and June, their blooms reopening each day. The Burbank strain is a highly developed strain in shades of deep crimson with black markings. Blooms immense.

Orders for Oriental Poppies will be filled in late summer or early fall as they cannot be safely transplanted at other seasons.____Each 35c; 3 for 85c

SALVIA—

PRATENSIS—Fuzzy-leaved perennial with long spikes of bright blue. Beginning to flower in June, it continues for a number of weeks. Very worth while. 12 to 18 inches.__Each 25c SCLAREA—Handsome, broad-leaved plant with strong spikes of lavender bloom. Formation and coloring unusual and very eye arresting._____Each 25c

SEDUM—Stone Crop—

An easily grown class of hardy plants which can be used to advantage in poor, sandy or rocky soil, which would be otherwise barren. The varieties listed are all upright and while they have their use in rock gardens, they are equally effective in the border. The heads of bloom are often six inches or more across and every branch carries a head of bloom. foliage is rounded, thick and rubbery. 15 to 18 inches.

BRILLIANT—Bright, dark rose.____Each 25c SPECTABILIS—Light rose-colored flowers.____Each 25c VARIEGATA—Blossoms pale pink. Foliage beautifully variegated green and white. Choice and rare._____Each 35c ____One plant of each color 75c

DWARF VARIETIES

ACRE—Golden Moss—Excellent ground cover. Green foliage. Yellow bloom. Prostrate and spreading._____3 for 75c STOLONIFERUM—Pinkish evergreen foliage. Flowers purplish pink in July and August. Always handsome. Especially fine in rock garden. 6 in._____3 for 75c SPIREA—Goat's Beard: Meadow Sweet—

PALMATA ELEGANS-A very handsome, herbaceous perennial. Thrives best in moist rich soil. Fond of the waterside or shady border. Feathery plumes of a lovely shade of pink crown it in June. 3 ft.____Each 35c

HARDY PERENNIALS—(Continued)

VIOLETS—

The violets that we are listing have all been naturalized to western conditions, and will thrive splendidly in any semi-shaded position. They delight in spreading out among roses or low shrubs.

Our "English Hybrid" was obtained by crossing the old English violet, which is not hardy here, with the Arkansas. Both plant and bloom are considerably larger than her English parent. Good sized, single blooms of deep, soft violet color, exquisitely fragrant. It blooms in early spring and again in the fall. It should have a slight protection of leaves in winter, although it will often carry

through with none.

"Delight" we found in a door-yard of a small city in Southern Iowa. The lady who owned the door-yard said that her husband who had been a sailor, had found it growing wild in Argentine. We have not been able to locate it anywhere else, so we introduced it under the name of "Delight." It calls forth more "Ohs" and "Ahs" when first met than a new baby. The color is white with bright blue center. Sometimes the white is slightly suffused or feathered blue. But always it is lovely. The blooms are held well above the foliage and are much more showy than any other violet.

CANADENSE—This violet is found growing wild in some parts of the U.S. It is of creeping growth. Blooms light rose pink with reverse deep rose. Grown well in sun.

Each 25c

ENGLISH HYBRID—Deep purple, hardy with slight protection. Stock limited.____Each 25c

DELIGHT—White and blue, absolutely hardy.

-----Each 15c; 10 for \$1.00

SYLVIA—Our first few plants of this violet came to us from a flower friend in Maryland, who said that it had been brought to her by her nature loving father as a great treasure because it was so rare. So far, we have not been able to classify it, and are offering it christened in the name of the friend who gave it to us. Nothing daintier in a violet can be imagined. It is of trailing habit, and likes best a semi-shaded moist place. The wee little, cream colored blooms peep out among the tiny bright green leaves like the shy babies they are. They bloom with great freedom in the spring, and again in the fall.

Each 25c

STRAYS—Violets are about the most difficult of plants to classify, owing to their free lance habits of mixing. We have for some years greatly prized several sorts, which we have decided to share with you at your pleasure—still nameless.

NO. 1—Petunia violet in color. Very large, round bloom, fairly covering the plants, as blooms are held well above the short foliage._____Each 20c NO. 2—White. Very fat, round bloom with heavy penciling of Bradley Violet about the center. Plant thickly studded with bloom. Early. Each 25c.

WILD VARIETIES— See Wild Flowers.

HARDY PERENNIALS—(Continued)

VERONICA—

SPICATA—Long spikes of violet blue all summer. This is a fine variety for the hardy border. It should be cut back for continuous bloom. Easiest culture and very showy.__Each 25c

VINCA MINOR—Trailing Myrtle—

Dwarf evergreen trailing plant that is fine for ground cover and carpeting shady places. Blue flower.___Each 20c; 3 for 45c YARROW—Achillea Millefolium—

An ironclad perennial of very easy culture. In almost any soil it will cover itself with bloom, especially if faded blooms are shorn. The tiny flowers in white and shades of pink and lavender are closely arranged in flat corymbs. The foliage, fine cut and fern-like, is almost as attractive as the dainty blooms. A most useful border plant. 1 to 1½ ft. Mixed colors only.

—————Each 15c; 6 for 50c

YUCCA FILAMENTOSO

—Adam's Needle and Thread—



FILAMENTOSO —

This is an evergreen plant, the root of which is said to be used by the Indians for soap, earning it the name of soap plant. It is very hardy and drouth resistant; is tractive either alone or with other perennials. Its leaves are pointed, tipped with a flexible needle have and "threads" along the sides.

This variety throws a magnificent spike five to six feet high, bearing a pyramid of creamy, white blooms, resembling Iilies. These blossoms measure 1½ to 2 inches and are very durable. Large blooming size.

Each 25c

Wild Flowers

The conservation of the wild flowers of the United States is receiving a good deal of attention. In some states laws has been enacted for their protection. It is high time. The raids of thoughtless people have practically exterminated them in the vicinity of almost all cities and large towns. It will take more than a law or two to save them unless the people show more respect for the law than they are now doing. It will take education and training of both young and old.

If one cannot content himself with looking at wild flowers, at least he should gather sparingly, being careful not to injure the plants, nor to rob any one plant entirely. When taking up roots for transplanting to your own garden, use care to get all the root and wrap carefully in its own soil. Most wild flowers resent exposure of the root. Do not take the last plant of any variety. Leave some for self preservation. Very few wild flowers will survive if the entire top is taken at blooming time.

We supply our plants from our own garden.

Price on all the following list, unless noted_______25c each ______5 of one kind \$1.00

ASTERS—

Hardy, native asters are coming into much prominence for garden use. They form magnificent masses of bloom at a time when garden flowers are scarce. Their extreme hardiness and drouth-resistance assures one of an every year exhibition in spite of wind or weather. We have many beautiful varieties, but only the following in quantities sufficient to list. These will be furnished in large clumps.

- NO. 1, WHITE—Close clustered, billowing panicles of tiny white flowers. Dainty. Fine, when cut, as a filler among larger flowers and is nice to use in winter bouquets for the same purpose.
- NO. 2, LAVENDER—Tall fall aster. Great sheaves of lavender bloom. Individual blooms about ½ in. across. This plant makes a great display.
- NO. 3, BLUE-PURPLE—Larger blooms, about 1 in. across. This is one of the handsomest of native asters and not as plentiful as many sorts.

BLUEBELL—Mertensia Virginica—

The bluebell shows its pink buds early in spring but does not expand until the plant reaches full height, opening into panicles of drooping bells of soft baby blue. These bells are often pink at first, changing to a bright baby blue.

______Each 25c; 3 for 55c

WILD FLOWERS—(Continued)

BLAZING STAR—Kansas Gay Feather—Liatris—

Long spikes of rosy-purple flower heads, very handsome and stately. Seems to enjoy clay banks for a home but grows beautifully in a garden. Blooms in August and September.

______2 for 25c

BLOOD ROOT—Sanguinaria Canadensis—

A native low growing perennial that flowers very early before its leaves appear. Blooms about 6 in. high, white, an inch or more in diameter. Prefers rich loam and shade or rock garden._____Each 25c; 3 for 65c

BLUE FLAG—Versicolor—

This is the common blue flag of our meadows and brooksides. Most at home in boggy places, but will do well in upland. Bright blue blossoms in June.

BUTTER AND EGGS—Linaria—

The old-fashioned Butter and Eggs of our grandmothers' gardens._____3 for 25c

CATNIP—Uepeta Cataria—

The kind the kitties like._____3 for 25c CATTAIL—Typhalatifola—

3 to 6 ft. Natural habitat edges of pools and brooks. Cylindrical flower heads of dark brown are most attractive. Winter bouquets and decoration.

DUTCHMAN'S BREECHES—Dicentra—

Graceful racemes of quaint white flowers of the Bleeding Heart family. The feathery foliage ads much to its charm. Shady nooks and light leaf mould give its happiest setting, but it will flourish in any light soil if the roots are protected from trampling after it dies down._____2 for 25c

HEPATICA—

One of the earliest wild flowers. It spreads into clumps that produce a mass of dainty blossoms in various shades of blue and pink. Lovely and dainty. Mixed colors.

HONEYSUCKLE—Columbine—

An early and profuse blooming wild flower that will thrive almost anywhere. Flowers 1½ to 2 inches long, red and yellow, elusive fragrance. Very graceful and attractive. 2 for 25c

JACK-IN-THE-PULPIT—Indian Turnip—

—Arisaema Triphyllum—

Odd plants with striped green and brown blooms, shaped like a calla lily. Seeds in a large head of scarlet berries. Likes partial shade. ______2 for 35c

JACOB'S LADDER, GREEK VALERIAN

—Polemonium—

Fern-like foliage with spikes of beautiful pale blue, bell-like flowers. 8 to 10 inches, April, May.____Each 25c; 3 for 50c

WILD FLOWERS—(Continued)

MAYAPPLE—Mandrake Peltatum—

A good plant for thick shade. Large, waxy flower, often measuring 2½ to 3 in. across, partly hidden beneath its umbrella of leaves. Its yellow fruit, about the size of a walnut, is much sought for by children—and some older folks._3 for 25c

SWEET WILLIAM—Phlox Divaricata Laphami-

A low growing wild phlox of beautiful gentian blue, flowering from May until July. Delicate fragrance. Lovely in mass.

SWEET FLAG or CALAMUS—Acorus—

A bog plant that will grow also in uplands. Its slender green foliage is attractive. The bloom is odd and interesting. Root used medicinally.

WILD AGERATUM—Eupatorium—

THOROUGH-WORT-Ageratoides-A useful border plant of strong, free growth, 3 to 31/2 feet, with minute white flowers in large heads that are fine for cutting in Aug. and Sept.

WILD GERANIUM—Crane's Bill—

PINK—Maculatum—Native of our open woods. Flowers lavender pink. One of our delightful wild flowers. May, June, 2 feet.____Each 25c; 3 for 50c

WHITE—Album—A white form of the above, not quite so tall.

Flowers of better substances._____Each 25c; 3 for 50c DARK BLUE—Praetens—Large, deep blue flowers in pairs on stems. Very handsome for the border.___Each 35c; 3 for 75c

WILD PHLOX—Phlox Paniculata—

Rather loose panicles of fragrant blooms, in color true phlox purple. Naturalizes beautifully among other flowers and shrubs, thriving either in sun or shade. 2½ to 3 feet.

WILD ROSE—Rosa Carolina—

The well known wild rose with its fragrant single blooms of pink. The bright red fruit remains on the bushes to attract and feed hungry winter birds.

TURK'S CAP LILY—Superbum—

A native variety of great beauty. Brilliant orange flowers in July.

VIOLETS—

VIOLET—Common wood Violet, blue.____Each 15c; doz. \$1.00 YELLOW WOOD VIOLET—Trailing habit. Each 15c; doz. \$1.00 WHITE WOOD VIOLET-Pure white, with slender lines of lavender on lip. Delights in a damp place and if so planted does not mind the sun.____Each 15c; doz. \$1.00

Hardy Flowering Shrubs

All shrubs will be sent by express or mail collect unless order is accompanied by a sufficient sum to cover these charges. No charge is made for packing and excess funds will be returned.

BUDDLEIA—(See Perennials)

JUNEBERRY—

JUNEBERRY—10 to 12 ft. This Juneberry must not be mistaken for the drawf sort. It is a much heavier producer than the dwarf. It is some times called "Highbush Huckleberry" It is covered in spring with ornamental clusters of white bloom, followed by rosy-purple fruit that completely covers the bush. The berries are quite similar to huckleberries and make most excellent pies, either canned or fresh—that is if you are lucky, for birds, children and grown folks flock to the tree. Stock very scarce. 1 to 2 ft.——Each \$1.00

HYDRANGEA—

ARBORESCENS GRANDIFLORA—Hills of Snow—This hydrangea resembles a miniature snowball bush. It is one of the most attractive hydrangeas flowering profusely from July till September. It reaches from 3 to 5 ft. in height, but may be spring pruned and kept even lower. 1½ to 3 ft.

Each 50c

KOLKWITZIA AMABILIS—Beautybush—

A beautiful new shrub originally discovered among the high peaks of mountains in China. It has proven entirely hardy in the severe New England climate, and will make a distinct addition to our flowering shrubs. It grows to the height of 6 ft. and is covered with a mass of pink flowers in early June. Each bloom is 3-4 in. across the mouth, trumpet shape. The buds are deeper pink. Foliage lacy and sprays very flexible and graceful. Stock is limited everywhere. Order early. 1½ to 2 ft.______Each \$1.00

LILAC—

French lilacs come to maturity and bloom very young. We have two varieties on their own roots, which we have not been able to identify. Both have fine double bloom and bloom profusely. These are blooming size.

DOUBLE WHITE _____Each 50c DOUBLE REDDISH PURPLE _____Each 50c ____One of each 85c

POLYGONUM—(See Perennials)

HARDY FLOWERING SHRUBS—(Continued)

SORBARIA—False Spirea—

SORBIFOLIA—A handsome rapid-growing shrub with many arching branches. Fresh green ash-like leaves and large white panicles of feathery bloom make of it a season long object of beauty. 2 to 3 ft._____Each 50c; 3 for \$1.00

SPIREA—

ANTHONY WATERER—A drawf shrub of spreading type much used in foundation plantings and in low growths of shrubbery. It is covered with clusters of brilliant, rosy, crimson flowers in summer. If blooms are removed as they fade it will continue to bloom until frost. A showy plant. 18 to 24 inches. -----Each 60c PRUNIFOLIA, fl. pl.—Bridal Wreath.—Plum-like foliage which

turns red in autumn. Covered very early in spring with tiny, very double white blossoms. Very desirable. Height 4 to 10 ft. _____2 to 3 ft. Each 50c; 3 to 4 ft. Each 75c

Salad Plants

CHIVES.

BURBANK MAMMOTH—(Withdrawn to increase stock.)

PARSLEY—

Giant curled. The finest parsfey grown.____2 for 25c SPINACH—

SORREL SPINACH—The earliest spring greens to be found. It begins to throw up its long pointed leaves as soon as the snow is gone and is ready for cutting long before anything else. It is fine for salads, used raw, either alone or with other greens. When the leaves begin to toughen it may be cooked and is especially good combined with other greens, its slight acid adding a piquancy nothing else supplies. It is a "cut and come again" and furnishes such a quantity of greens that it should have a place in every garden. Entirely hardy.

_____Each 25c; dozen \$2.50

Strawberries

Is there a hole in your pocket-book? Stop it with a strawberry! Well, not exactly, but stuff it with the receipts from your berry patch! You might even have enough to buy a new pocket-book!

It is not a joke that strawberries are great money-makers. Probably no fruit that flourishes in the mid-west will net as much profit per acre as good varieties of strawberries, and you may be sure that none of the berries in this list are unworthy. All have been thoroughly tested in our gardens except Blakemore and it comes with great recommendations. They are all money-makers as well as joy makers in the home.

We dig the plants fresh for every order and handle no storage stock. When comparing our prices with other growers, please give

this your consideration, OUR PLANTS GROW.

Varieties listed are all perfect blossom, needing no cross fertilization. Prices of some varieties have advanced because drouth retarded plant making, but whenever our supply has made it possible to reduce the price we are doing so that you may find it easier to replenish your stock. Remember, OUR PLANTS GROW.

BOUQUET—Very large rounded berry of superlative quality. Ripers whole stemfuls at a time. A great berry.

----25 for 75c; 100 for \$2.50

- BLAKEMORE—A new, extra early berry originated by the Department of Agriculture. It comes highly recommended from many sections of the country._____25 for 50c; 100 for \$1.75
- COOPER—It scarcely seems safe to begin discussing this berry unless one has plenty of space. If you think of all the finest things that can be said of a berry you might apply just about all of them to the Cooper with perfect truth. The berries are uniformly handsome and most delicious. There are no little perries, making it easy to pick. Every berry is solid and red to the center. A good canner and really fun to prepare.

Plant strong and deep rooted.____25 for 75c; 100 for \$1.75

DR. BURRILL—The "Million Dollar Strawberry." This berry has become so well known as an improved Dunlap that it does not need any eulogy. It is essentially the home garden berry, but is also a standard market sort, bearing abundantly its rich dark fruit. Plenty large and most delicious. It cannot be excelled as a canning berry, retaining form, color and flavor. The plant is robust, with foliage free from rust and fungus diseases. If you want a berry to eat, or to sell to other folks to eat, you will make no mistake in planting Dr. Burrill.

MASTODON EVERBEARER—Too well known to need description. It has been lauded in every plant catalogue, garden magazine and the radio, and it seems to live up to all the fine things that are said about it. If you grow it you can be assured of a sup-

ply of large, fresh berries all through the summer and fall.

----25 for 85c; 50 for \$1.50; 100 for \$2.50

STRAWBERRIES—(Continued)

TOP O' THE MORNING—This chance seedling is the earliest berging we have ever known, coming almost two weeks ahead of the Dr. Burrill.

The plant is strong and a veritable weed killer. We have had it in several locations and each time it has run out every weed. The foliage is healthy and when it ripens in the fall its unusual colorings of gay scarlet and red make of the patch a gorgeous flower bed.

Fruit is of good size, perfect top shape, bright red, quite firm and a good producer. Its extreme earliness gets it out of the way before main crops of other varieties come on and its bright, shapely appearance makes it a mark for high price when it has to compete, as it does, with shipped in berries. Quality is very sweet and good._____25 for 65c; 100 for \$1.75

WASHINGTON—"The Honey-Sweet Strawberry." A new, late berry. Fruit extra large; very sweet and delicious. Dark, glossy red to center. Very firm and an extra long keeper. It is very thrifty of plant, enduring drouth of last summer stoicly.

25 for 85c; 100 for \$2.50

WOODLAND—This new seedling we consider worthy to bear the name of our gardens. We have fruited it for four years and it has been unfailing in giving a large crop of fruit, even when we have been visited by heavy, late frosts. In season it follows a few days after Top O' The Morning, coming several days earlier than any other variety we know. The berry is large and of unusual shape. Very even, long and blunt at the end with a slight neck, making them easy to stem. It is a beautiful shade of bright dark red. Very firm and red to the center. The flavor is all strawberry, and it is very sweet. You know how irresistible are the last berries that nang on a long while and get full of sun and sweetness. Well, the Woodland are like that from the beginning. If you can pick and not eat 'em you are sure 'nuf ironbound.______25 for 65c; 100 for \$1.75

Raspberries

Raspberry plants will be packed and delivered to P. O. or Express office free of charge, but transportation must be paid by purchaser. When shipped by Parcel Post they will be sent C. O. D.

LATHAM—Red. This new variety is absolutely mosaic free everywhere and is perfectly hardy. Its production is phenomenal. Berries are large and round; firm, and a good shipper. Its color is brilliant red. It is an excellent table and canning berry and probably the most profitable raspberry that can be grown.____1 yr. plants, 12 for \$1.00; 2 yr. plants, 12 for \$1.50

Washington Year Plant a Tree

Contrary to general opinion, George Washington was not a tree destroyer, but a tree planter. Honor his memory by planting trees.

Encourage every member of your family to plant a tree.

Upon request printed forms will be furnished so that when you have planted you may be entitled to a place on the Honor Roll of The American Tree Association. Sizes 6 in. to 1 ft. will be sent prepaid post. Larger sizes collect, by post or express.

Write us for special prices on larger quantities. Smaller sizes

can be furnished at a cheaper rate in most cases.

CHERRY-Native. Drooping racemes of white flowers. Fruit dark red. Very attractive to birds.____2—3 ft. 35c; 3—4 ft. 50c

CRAB-APPLE-Native. A mass of fragrant pink bloom in spring. Fruit sour, fine for jelly.____2—3 ft. 50c; 3—4 ft. 75c

AMERICAN—The most graceful of our native shade trees. RED or SLIPPERY ELM-Bark used for medicinal purposes. Price on all Elms____1½—2 ft. 35c; 3—4 ft. 50c; 5—6 ft. 75c

FILBERT-American Hazelnut-One of our choicest nuts. -----2—3 ft. 50c; 3—4 ft. 75c

HICKORY—Shell Bark—Our most valuable native nut tree. _____2—3 ft. \$1.00

LOCUST—Honey Locust. A handsome tree with feathery foliage and sweet scented drooping bloom.____6 to 12 in., Each 25c

MULBERRY-American. Large black fruit.

_____2—3 ft. 35c; 4—5 ft. 45c

OAK-Burr-Oak, Mossy Cup.-The grandest of our native trees. 10° 12 inches 10°

PLUM—Native. Sweet scented white bloom, edible fruit. -----2—3 ft. 35c; 3—4 ft. 50c

WALNUT-Black. Valuable both for nuts and wood. ____2_3 ft. 50c; 3—4 ft. 75c